



POWER MODULES

IRK.280 SERIES

High Voltage Thyristor/Diode and Thyristor/Thyristor

FEATURES

- ❖ *Electrically isolated base plate.*
- ❖ *3000 V_{RMS} isolating voltage.*
- ❖ *Industrial standard package.*
- ❖ *Simplified mechanical designs, rapid assembly.*
- ❖ *High surge capability.*
- ❖ *Large creepage distances.*
- ❖ *Beryllium oxide substrate.*

DESCRIPTION

These IRK series of Power Modules use power thyristors/diodes in four basic configurations. The semiconductors are electrically isolated from the metal base, allowing common heatsinks and compact assemblies to be built. They can be interconnected to form single phase or three phase bridges or as AC-switches when modules are connected in anti-parallel.

These modules are intended for general purpose applications such as battery chargers, welders and plating equipment.

MAJOR RATINGS & CHARACTERISTICS

Parameters	IRK.280	Units
$I_{T(AV)}$ @ 79 °C	280	A
$I_{T(RMS)}$	440	A
I_{TSM} @ 50 Hz	7500	A
I^2t @ 50 Hz	281	kA ² s
V_{DRM} - V_{RRM}	Up to 2200	V
T_J	-40 to 125	°C

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ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION

VOLTAGE RATINGS

Type Number	Voltage Code	V_{RESD}/V_{DESD} reverse and off-state voltage blocking voltage V	max.repetitive peak voltage V	V_{RSM} max. non-repetitive peak reverse voltage V	I_{DRM}/I_{RSM} max. @ 125°C mA
	04		400	500	60
	06		600	700	60
IRK.280	08		800	900	60
	10		1000	1100	60
	12		1200	1300	60
	14		1400	1500	60
	16		1600	1700	60
	18		1800	1900	60
	20		2000	2100	60
	22		2200	2300	60

I-STATE CONDUCTION

$I_{(AV)}$	Parameters	IRK.280	Units	Conditions
$I_{(AV)}$	Max. average on-state current @ Case temperature	280	A	180° Conduction, half sine wave
		79	°C	
$I_{(RMS)}$	Max. RMS on-state current	440	A	as AC switch
$I_{(SM)}$	Max. peak, one cycle on-state, non-repetitive	7500	A	T=10ms Sinusoidal half wave, Initial $T_1 = T_2$ max.
PI	Maximum P ₀ for fusing	281	kA ² s	T=10ms Sinusoidal half wave, Initial $T_1 = T_2$ max.
V_T	Threshold Voltage	0.90	V	$T_1 = T_2$ max.
r_{θ}	On State slope resistance	0.75	mΩ	$T_1 = T_2$ max.
V_{SM}	Max. on-state voltage drop	1.55	V	$I_T = 800$ A R.T 180° conduction AV power = $V_{(RMS)} \times I_{(RMS)}$ (1000ms) ²
I_H	Maximum holding current	500max	mA	Anode supply = 12V, initial $I_T = 30$ A, $T_1 = T_2 = 25^\circ\text{C}$
I_L	Max. Latching current	2000max	mA	Anode supply = 12V, resistive load = 1Ω, Gate pulse: 10V, 100 μs, $T_1 = T_2 = 25^\circ\text{C}$

SWITCHING

t_d	Typical delay time	1.0	μs	$T_1 = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Gate current = 1A dig/4, -1A/ μs
t_r <td>Typical rise time <td>2.0 <td>μs <td>$T_1 = 25^\circ\text{C}$ <td>$V_d = 0.67\% V_{DRV}$</td> </td></td></td></td>	Typical rise time <td>2.0 <td>μs <td>$T_1 = 25^\circ\text{C}$ <td>$V_d = 0.67\% V_{DRV}$</td> </td></td></td>	2.0 <td>μs <td>$T_1 = 25^\circ\text{C}$ <td>$V_d = 0.67\% V_{DRV}$</td> </td></td>	μs <td>$T_1 = 25^\circ\text{C}$ <td>$V_d = 0.67\% V_{DRV}$</td> </td>	$T_1 = 25^\circ\text{C}$ <td>$V_d = 0.67\% V_{DRV}$</td>	$V_d = 0.67\% V_{DRV}$
t_f <td>Typical turn-off time <td>150 <td>μs <td>$I_{(RM)} = 300$ A; $di/dt = 15$ A/ μs; $T_1 = T_2$ max.; $V_T = 50$ V; $dv/dt = 20$ V/ μs; Gate OV, 1000ctm</td> <td></td> </td></td></td>	Typical turn-off time <td>150 <td>μs <td>$I_{(RM)} = 300$ A; $di/dt = 15$ A/ μs; $T_1 = T_2$ max.; $V_T = 50$ V; $dv/dt = 20$ V/ μs; Gate OV, 1000ctm</td> <td></td> </td></td>	150 <td>μs <td>$I_{(RM)} = 300$ A; $di/dt = 15$ A/ μs; $T_1 = T_2$ max.; $V_T = 50$ V; $dv/dt = 20$ V/ μs; Gate OV, 1000ctm</td> <td></td> </td>	μs <td>$I_{(RM)} = 300$ A; $di/dt = 15$ A/ μs; $T_1 = T_2$ max.; $V_T = 50$ V; $dv/dt = 20$ V/ μs; Gate OV, 1000ctm</td> <td></td>	$I_{(RM)} = 300$ A; $di/dt = 15$ A/ μs; $T_1 = T_2$ max.; $V_T = 50$ V; $dv/dt = 20$ V/ μs; Gate OV, 1000ctm	

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BLOCKING

	Parameter	280	Units	Units	Conditions
dv/dt	Maximum critical rate of rise of off – state voltage	500	V μ s	$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	exponential to 67% rated V_{DRM}
I_{RRM} I_{DRM}	Max. peak reverse and off – state leakage current	60	mA	$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	rated V_{DRM}/V_{RRM} applied
V_{INS}	RMS isolation voltage	3000	V	50Hz	Circuit to base, all terminal shorted, 25°C , 1 Min

TRIGGERING

	Parameter	280	Units	Units	Conditions
I_{GR}	DC gate current required to trigger	MAX	mA	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Max. required gate trigger/current/ voltage are the lowest value which will trigger all unit 12V anode – to cathode applied
		200			
V_{GR}	DC gate voltage required to trigger	3.0		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	
V_{cm}	DC gate voltage not to trigger	0.25	V	$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	Max. gate current/ voltage not to trigger the max. value which will not trigger any
I_{GD}	DC gate current not to trigger	10.0	mA	$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	unit with rated V_{DRM} anode-to-cathode applied
di/dt	Maximum critical rate of rise of turned – on current	100	A/ μ s	$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	ITM=400A, rated V_{DRM} applied

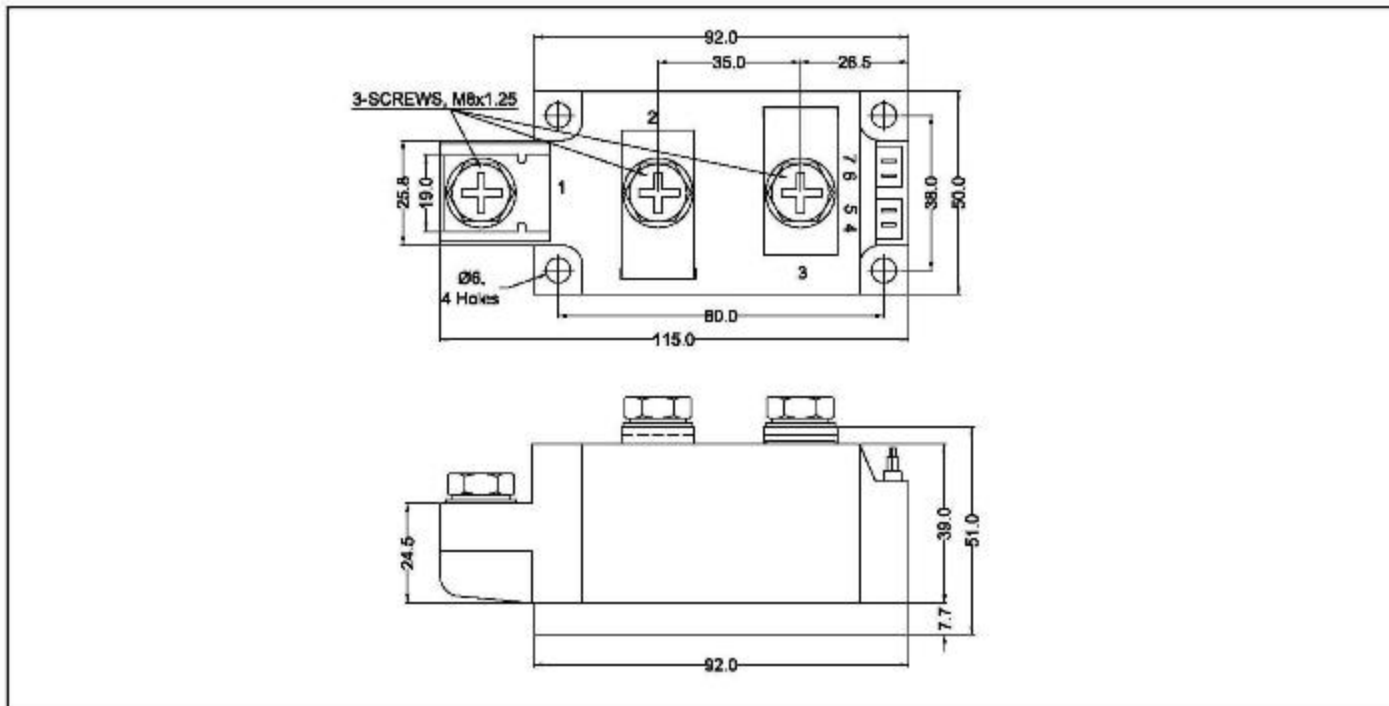
THERMAL AND MECHANICAL SPECIFICATION

	Parameter	280	Units	Units	Conditions
T_J	Max. operating temperature range	-40 to 125	$^\circ\text{C}$		
T_{stg}	Max. storage temperature range	-40 to 125			
Rthj-C	Max. thermal resistance, junction to case	0.111	K/W		Perjunction, DC operation
Rthj-C	Max. thermal resistance, junction To heatsink	0.02	K/W		Mounting surface flat, smooth and greased
T	Mounting torque, $\pm 10\%$	4 to 6 (8 to 10)	Nm		For Module to heatsink and (busbar to module)
Wt	Approximate weight	600	g		
	Case style	MAG-A-PAK			

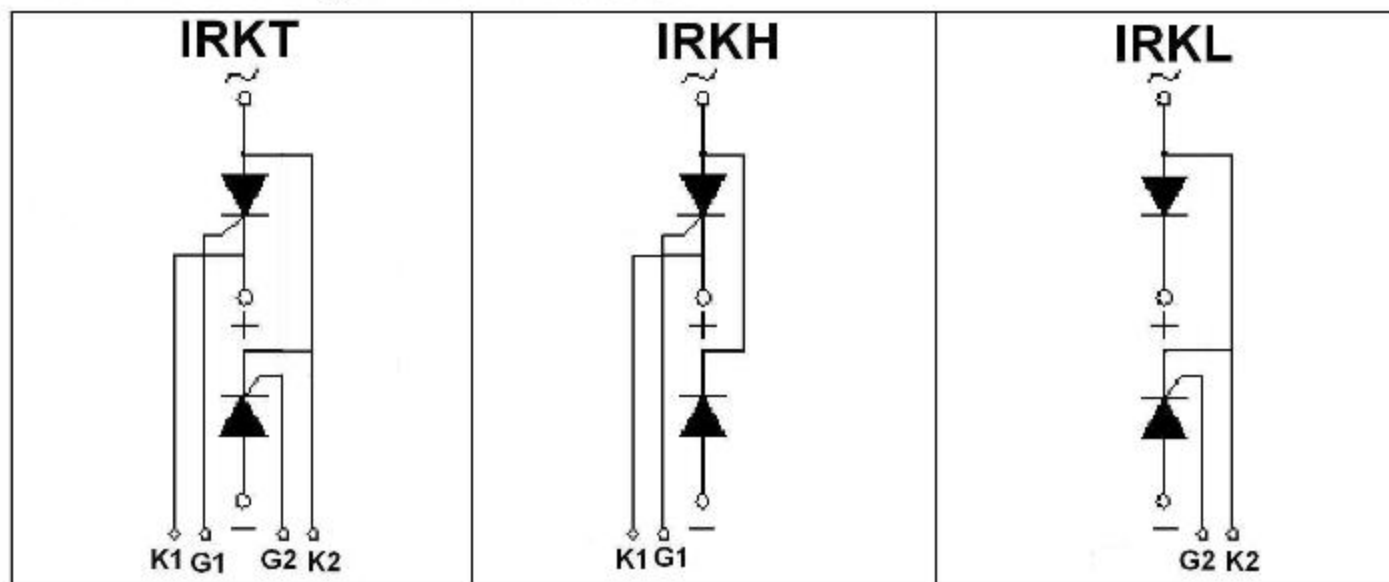
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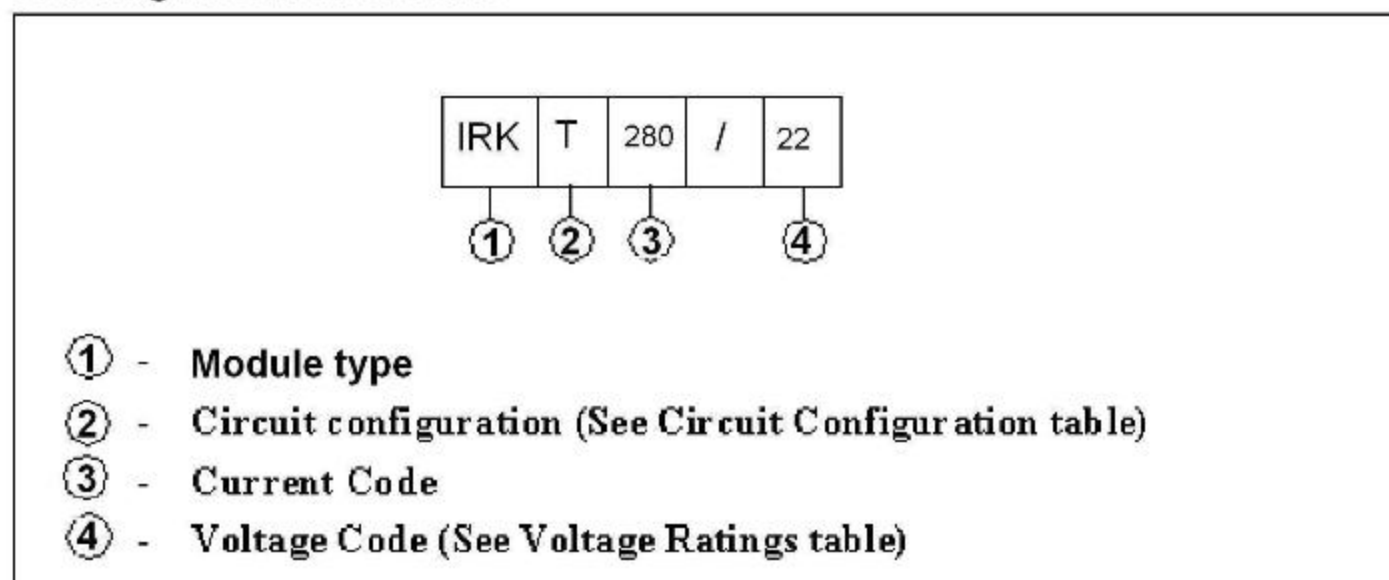
OUTLINE DIAGRAM



Circuit Configuration Table



Ordering Information Table



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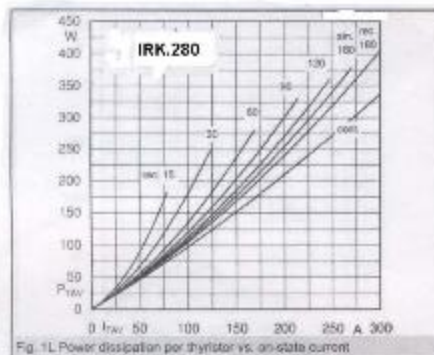


Fig. 1L Power dissipation per thyristor vs. on-state current

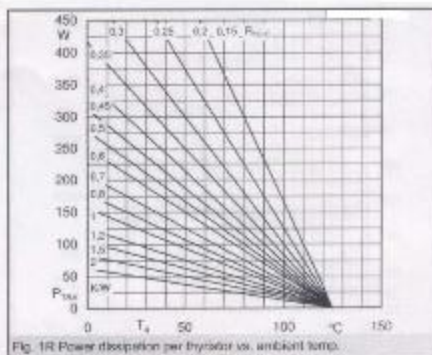


Fig. 1R Power dissipation per thyristor vs. ambient temp.

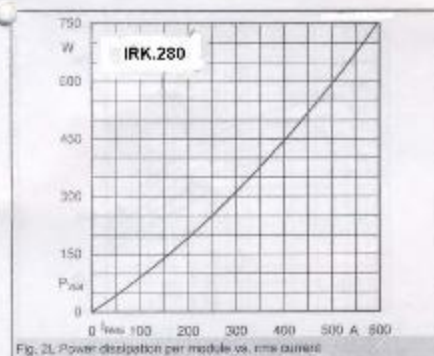


Fig. 2L Power dissipation per module vs. rms current

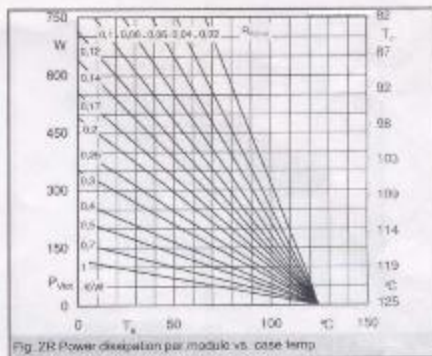


Fig. 2R Power dissipation per module vs. case temp.

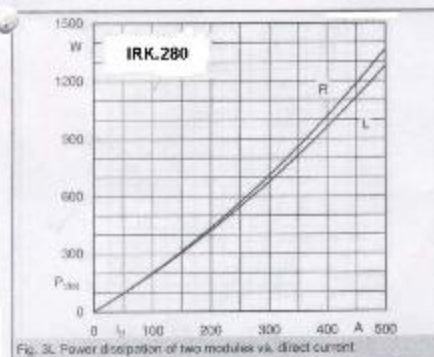


Fig. 3L Power dissipation of two modules vs. direct current

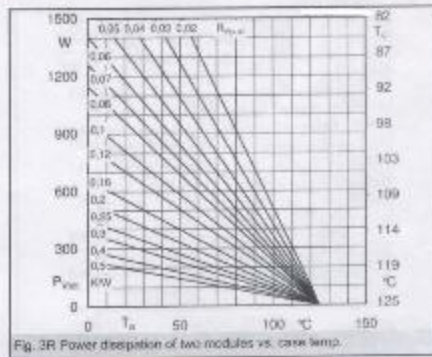


Fig. 3R Power dissipation of two modules vs. case temp.

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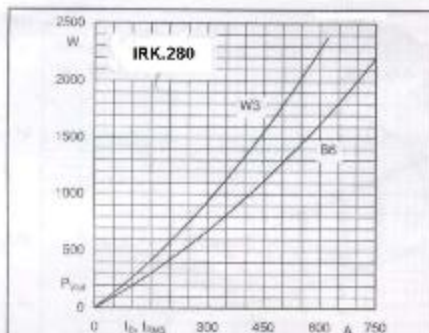


Fig. 4L Power dissipation of three modules vs. direct and rms current

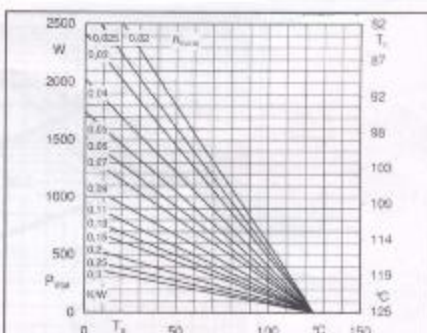


Fig. 4R Power dissipation of three modules vs. case temp.

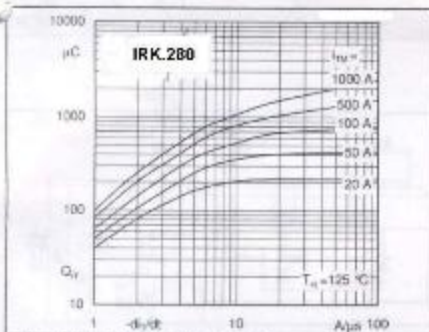


Fig. 5 Recovered charge vs. current decrease

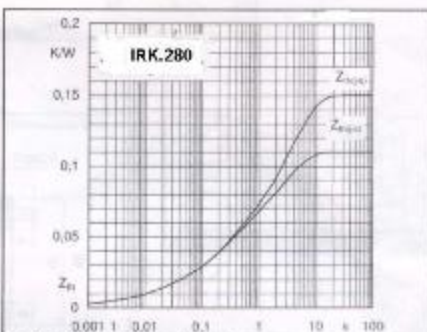


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance vs. time

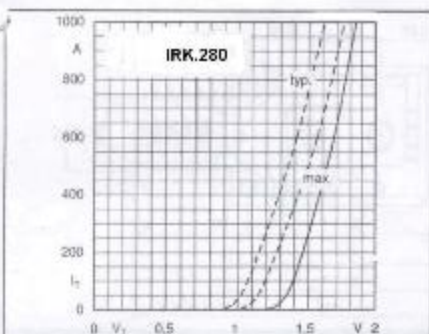


Fig. 7 On-state characteristics

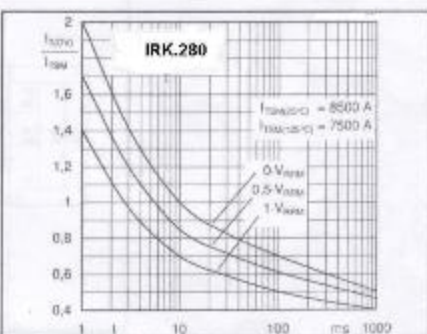


Fig. 8 Surge overcurrent current vs. time

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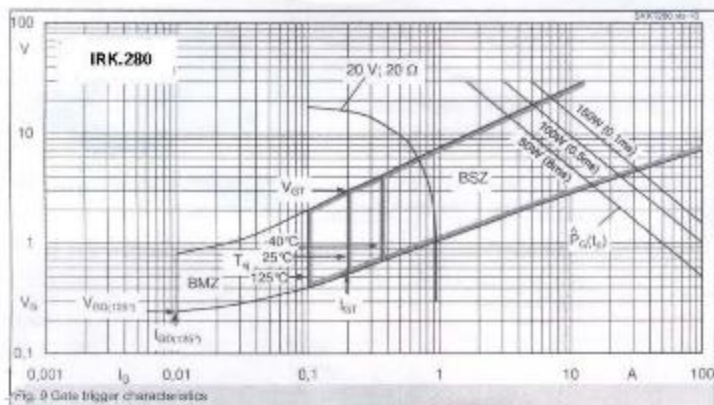


Fig. 9 Gate trigger characteristics